

Sustainable Urban Mobility Plans: an overview of the SUMP concept and its benefits

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Short Presentation of Rupprecht Consult

RUPPRECHT CONSULT

- Independent research and consulting company since 1997
- European profile
 - European Commission (DG MOVE, JRC, EACI, INTERREG, ...)
 - Cities and regions
 - Networks / Memberships (POLIS, Eurocities, UITP (TUL/Trolleybuses)
- Themes
 - Mobility and transport (urban mobility, public transport, information)
 - Sustainability and environment
 - Urban and regional development
 - Energy concepts
- Services
 - Project development and management
 - Evaluation & monitoring
 - Funding consulting
 - Training
- Focussed on interdisciplinary approach

Rupprecht Consult & SUMP

- Involved in CiViTAS since 2002
 - Supporting European cities in the development, implementation and development of integrated packages of advanced/sustainable mobility measures



- Coordinating the SUMP activities in Eltisplus
- Implementing/reflecting SUMP elements and methods in the Alps



- Adressing four major challenges of SUMP development and implementation ("west-east" exchange)
 - Participation
 - Institutional cooperation
 - Measure identification
 - Evaluation







SUMP – a concept promoted by the EU

Sustainable Urban Mobility Plans have gained increased recognition and importance at European level

- Action Plan on Urban Mobility 2009 (20 Actions)
- Council of Ministers adopted APUM 2010
- Transport White Paper 2011
 - Mixed strategy involving land-use planning
 - Encouragement of cities to develop SUMPs
 - Examining the possibility of a mandatory approach for cities of certain size, according to national standards based on EU guidelines.
 - Link regional development and cohesion funds to cities and regions that have submitted a current, independently validated urban mobility performance and sustainability audit certificate.





Eltisplus: the reference project for SUMP



- Knowledge **consolidation**, **awareness** raising and **training** on sustainable urban mobility plans in 31 European countries
 - 27 EU Member States + Croatia, Iceland, Liechtenstein and Norway
 - 13 partner consortium, May 2010 April 2013
 - SUMP-related work is co-ordinated by Rupprecht Consult, Germany (under overall "Eltisplus" co-ordination by FGM AMOR, Austria)
- Based on Action Plan on Urban Mobility (2009):
 - Aim: To accelerate the large scale uptake of SUMPs by local and regional authorities
 - By means of:
 - Guidelines and recommendations
 - Training material and training events
 - Awareness raising, dissemination and promotion
- Internet: www.mobilityplans.eu
- Other EACI/IEE projects
 - QUEST, ADVANCE: certification
 - EcoMobility Shift: assessment of ecomobility performance
 - POLY-SUMP: urban mobility and poly-centric areas / diffuse cities

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Overview of SUMP Concept and its Benefits







SUMP Synopsis

Overview of current situation regarding urban mobility plans in England, France, Germany and Poland

Prepared by Rupprecht Consult, Cologne, Germany 23 August 2012

Not public Do not distribute

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5 Comparative overview table England, France, Germany and Poland

	England	France	Germany	Poland
	(link to detailed table)	(link to detailed table)	(link to detailed table)	(link to detailed table)
A. Understanding and	scope of urban mobility plans			
A.1 What <u>kind of plans</u> a <u>re</u> in place?	Mandatory plans for local authorities.	Mandatory plans for agglomerations with more than 100,000 inhabitants.	Most larger, German cities with some kind of voluntary integrated urban mobility plan, but due to informality of planning they differ considerably.	Highly informal urban mobility planning is common practice. Since 2011 legal obligation for cities with more than 50,000 inhabitants to prepare plans fithe organisation of local publi transport.
A.2 Name of plan	LTP – Local Transport Plan In London Boroughs: LIP - Local Implementation Plan for Transport	PDU – Plan de déplacement urbains	Most common name: VEP – Verkehrsentwicklungsplan	PZRTP (plan zrównoważonego rozwoju publicznego transpor zbiorowego - plan for sustaina public transport development
A.3 Scope of plan and basic characteristics	An LTP covers all of an, authorities policies and delivery plans relating to transport. It covers transport needs of people and goods. It is a strategy for development of local, integrated transport, supported by a programme of	Defines the main principles of the organisation of passenger and goods transport, integrating it into urban development. Focus on ensuring a sustainable balance between mobility needs and accessibility with environmental protection and	Integrated plans as VEPs usually cover all modes of transport, including public and private, passenger and freight, motorised and non-motorised, moving and parking. Budiffsenges, with, researd focus and aims of plans. Cities are completely free to decide how the plans is designed.	PZRTPs focus on the public transport (PT) sector, i.e. so; the operational organisation PT to regulate competition. However, the organiser of PT free to include other modes (if freight). The plan is the basis for tenderic morroving PT and for tenderic transport.

Characteristics of sustainable urban mobility planning



- Active involvement of all stakeholders throughout planning process
- Commitment to sustainability, i.e. balancing social equity, environmental quality and economic development
- Looking "beyond the borders"
 - an integrated approach between policy sectors
 - cooperation between authority levels
 - coordination across neighbouring authorities
- Focus on achieving ambitious, measurable targets
- Targeting cost internalisation i.e. reviewing transport costs and benefits for society
- Comprehensive method including all steps of the life cycle of policy making and implementation

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Comparison



Traditional Transport Planning		Sustainable Urban Mobility Planning	
Focus on traffic		Focus on people	
Primary objective: Traffic flow capacity and speed	\Leftrightarrow	Primary objectives: Accessibility and quality of life	
Political mandates and planning by experts	\$	Important stakeholders are actively involved	
Domain of transport engineers	\Leftrightarrow	Interdisciplinary planning	
If you plan for cars and traffic, you get cars and traffic.	⇔	Gor If you plan for people and places, you get people and places.	
investment guided planning	\Leftrightarrow	Cos	
Focus on large and costly projects	\Leftrightarrow	Gradual efficiency increase and optimisation	
Limited impact assessment		Intensive evaluation of impacts and shaping of a learning process	

Fred Kent, President of "Project for Public Space", www.pps.org

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A Sustainable Urban Mobility Plan is a





"Strategic plan designed to satisfy the mobility needs of people and businesses in cities and their surroundings for a better quality of life. It builds on existing planning practices and takes due consideration of integration, participation, and evaluation principles."

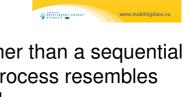
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The SUMP planning cycle



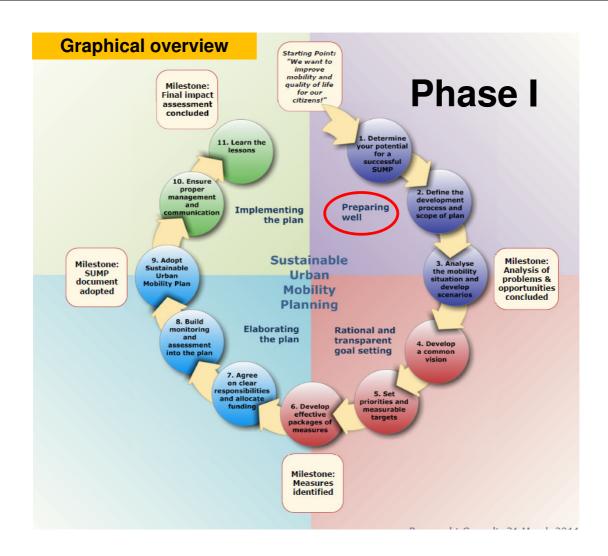
- A full SUMP cycle includes four main phases:
 - 1: Preparing well for the planning process
 - II: Rational and transparent goal setting
 - III: Elaborating the plan
 - IV: Implementing the plan
- **SUMP Guidelines** developed in ELTISplus:
 - > 11 Elements (= main steps) and
 - > 32 Activities (= detailing specific tasks)



DEVELOPING AND IMPLEMENTING A SUSTAINABLE URBAN MOBILITY PLAN

GUIDELINES

- Elements and activities provide a logical rather than a sequential structure – obvious timing requirements, but process resembles cycle of activities, partially running in parallel
- It is a **framework** for the development and ratification of an SUMP





Underlying motivation

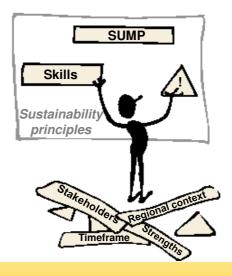
"We want to improve mobility and quality of life for our citizens!"



- → Commitment to sustainability is crucial!
- → Decision makers convinced about approach! > Visionary
- → Quick-win and long-term solutions



- 1. Determine your potential for a successful SUMP
 - → be ambitious, but also realistic about what is possible and who will become involved



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Stakeholder and Citizen Involvement in Planning Process



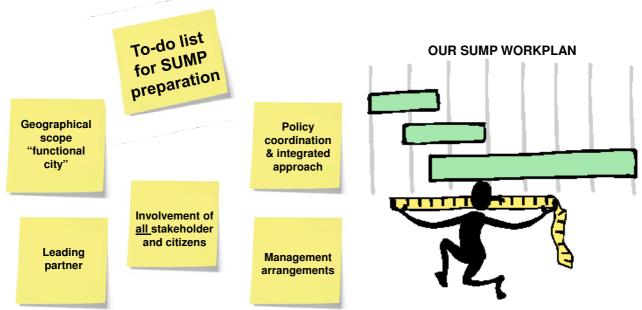


- Thematic working groups and debates with local stakeholders and relevant authorities
- Public involvement through mobility forum and "mardi du PDU" ("SUMP Tuesdays")





2. Define development process and scope of plan



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Looking 'beyond the borders'



- Joint Local Transport Plan for the West of England
 → cooperation of four Councils
- Works alongside Local Enterprise Partnership, Core Strategies and Local Strategic Partnerships of the **four councils** and with **partners** in the bus industry and through Memoranda of Understanding with the Highways Agency, health sector, Network Rail and train operators.





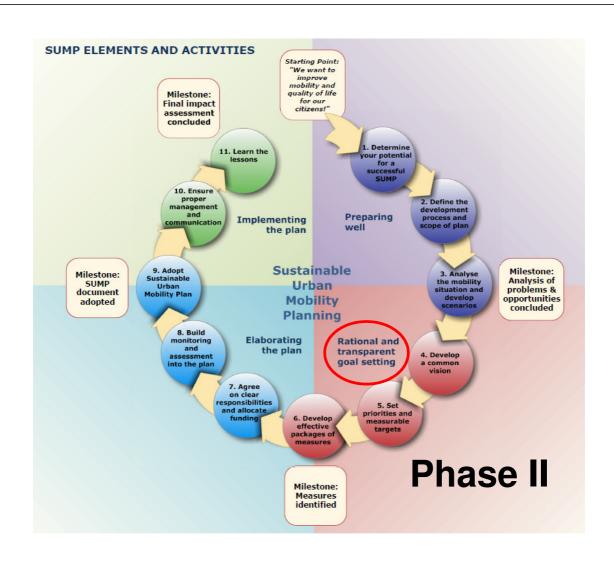
- 3. Analyse the mobility situation and develop options
- Analysis of problems and opportunities concluded





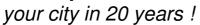


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Phase II: Rational and transparent goal setting

4. Develop a common vision of mobility and beyond





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Can a city change its face?

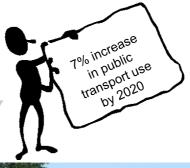




Phase II: Rational and transparent goal setting



5. Set priorities and measurable targets



"SMART" targets:

- specific,
- measurable,
- achievable,
- realistic,
- time related



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Ambitious, measurable targets

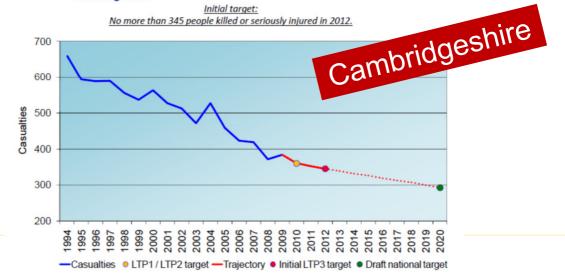


LTP 01: People killed or seriously injured in road traffic accidents

The proposed national road safety targets outlined by the Department for Transport in July 2009 sought a 33% reduction in casualties killed or seriously injured by 2020. We have therefore set initial targets for the period to 2012 for this indicator in line with this reduction.

Figure 5.2 shows progress against this indicator since 1994, and the initial LTP3 target for 2012.

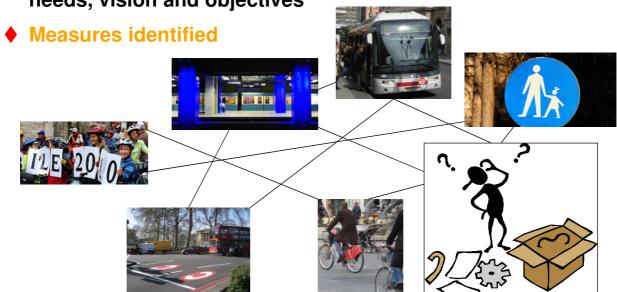
Figure 5.2 Indicator LTP 01: People killed or seriously injured in road traffic accidents in Cambridgeshire



Source: www.cambridgeshire.gov.uk/transport/strategies/local/

Phase II: Rational and transparent goal setting

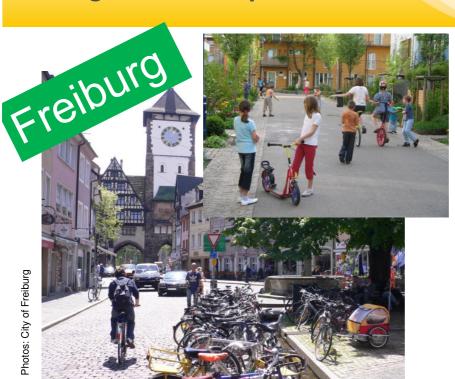
6. Develop effective packages of measures that respond to needs, vision and objectives



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Integrated concept



- SUSTAINABLE URBAN MOBILITY PLANS
- Fruitful long-term approach for urban mobility
- 68% of all trips with sustainable modes
- Urban mobility plan (VEP) linked to landuse planning
 ⇒ integrated concept
- Well-coordinated mobility measures (PT, cycling, restrictions, parking & traffic management, ...)

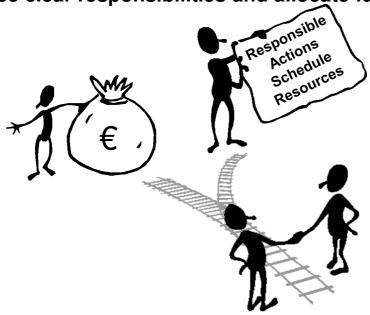
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Phase III: Elaborating the plan



7. Agree clear responsibilities and allocate funding



Phase III: Elaborating the plan



8. Build monitoring and evaluation into the plan



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Phase III: Elaborating the plan

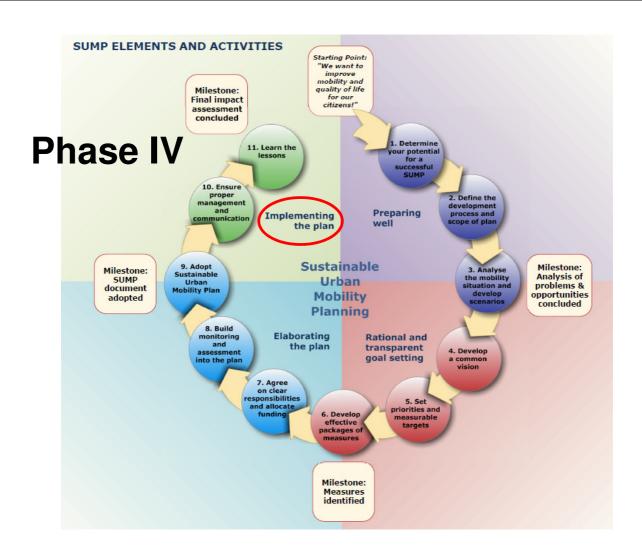


9. Adopt the plan and communicate results

♦ SUMP document adopted



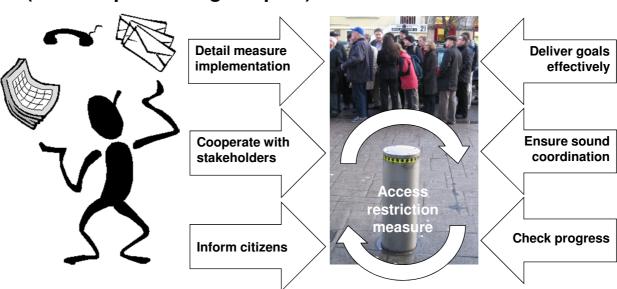




Phase IV: Implementing the plan



10. Ensure proper management & communication (when implementing the plan)



Implementation with the public in mind



Active information to the public about the adaption of the railway station



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Phase IV: Implementing the plan



- 11. Learn the lesson
- ♦ Final impact assessment concluded



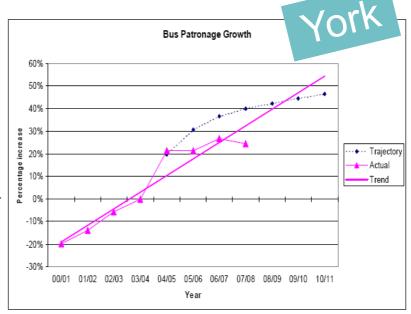


Reviewing the achievements



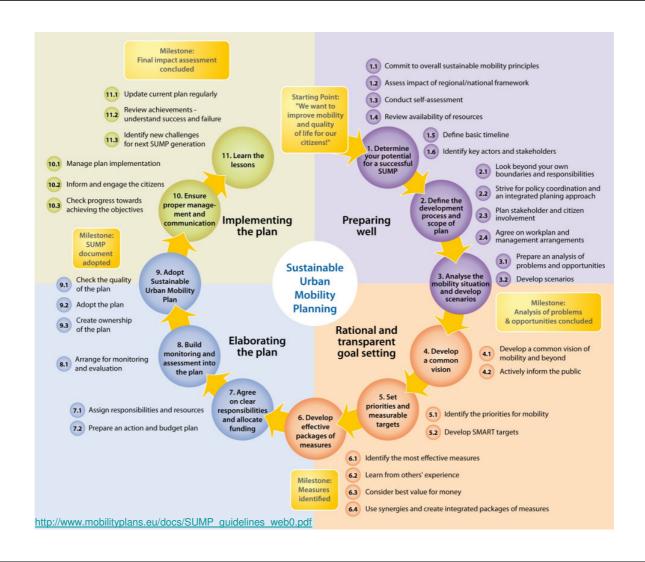
Achievements 2001-2006:

- Bus patronage growth of 45%
- Peak-hour urban traffic lower than 1999 levels
- A high quality Park & Ride service
- A 10% increase in noncar modes for trips to the city centre at peak times
- Over 20% reduction in road accidents



Source: City of York council, www.york.gov.uk/transport/ltp/ltp1/delivery/

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Benefits of SUMPs



SUMP BenefitsVisible impacts on local level



- Better quality of life
 - better air quality and fewer emissions ⇒ healthier citizens
 - less noise
 - attractive city centres, good public space
- Improved mobility situation
 - potential to reach more people and collect mobility needs
 - development and provision of new services "A to B" ➤ intermodality
 - facilitation of accessibility
- Strengthened cooperation of sectors, institutions and neighboors
 - acceleration of planning processes
- Decisions have public legitimacy
- Avoidance of urban sprawl
- Improved image of
 - city/agglomeration/region
 - transport operators

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City without a SUMP



Istanbul....





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PDU Montpellier – a SUMP model





- Baseline
 - Energy prices, pollution, climate change
- Social, environmental and demographic challenges
- "Mobility revolution" "Ecomobility"
 - Making the citizen into the centre of the conception of city, its public spaces and networks
- 3 Areas
 - City of short distances
 - Limit the car usage
 - Intermodal transport offer for agglomeration



SUMP key benefits



Planning and policy level

- Involvement of citizens and stakeholders
- Integrated planning
- Multidisciplinary approach
- Capacity building
- Cost efficient planning
- Politicians' positive reputation
- Access to EU-funding (conditionality?)
- Supporting international, European and national goals (e.g. CO₂ emissions)

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Relevance for Public Transport Operators



- Integrated approach
 - Helps to plan transport systematically and in combination with landuse planning, e.g. tram to airport in Brussels ➤ regional approach
 - Helps to find new cooperations and to get commitments
- Customer orientation
 - Extension of coverage: "functional city"
 - Additional services, e.g. car-sharing, taxi, railway, public bikes, on-demand services, towards intermodality



- Revenue generation
 - More PT travellers (e.g. BRT: 30% increase),
 - Satisfied travellers (due to improved regularity)
 - More walkers



Relevance for Public Transport Operators



- EU plans:
 - SUMP is "mainstreaming"
 - Conditionality !
 - Directive !?



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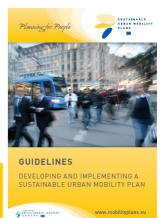
Opportunities for Public Transport Operators



DO THE RIGHT MIX

- Participation at 1st SUMP award
 - Deadline: 9 November 2012
 - Recognition and rewarding excellence in urban mobility under the theme "stakeholder and citizen participation"
 - Local and regional authorities
 - Award of 10,000 €
 - www.dotherightmix.eu
- Commenting the guidelines
- Attending coming awareness and training events
 Austria, Belgium, Croatia, Denmark/ Condense Fishers

Austria, Belgium, Croatia, Denmark/ Sweden, Estonia, Finland, France/UK joint event, Greece, Hungary, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, The Netherlands, Portugal, Romania, Slovenia, Spain



"La fin de la récré du planning traditionnel" according to Nicolas Hulot (Le Monde from 12 Sept 2012)



Thank you for your attention!

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www.mobilityplans.eu

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