

### Quality indicators and technologysupported training for prof. drivers

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#### Thematic overview

The **Learning Outcomes approach** within European Vocational Education and Training, its rationales, overall concept and consequences

Quality requirements on training resulting from the learning outcomes approach

**Learning outcomes orientation in practice** on the example of a distance learning course on load security for professional drivers





## The Learning Outcomes Approach



### Why learning outcomes as basis for comparison?

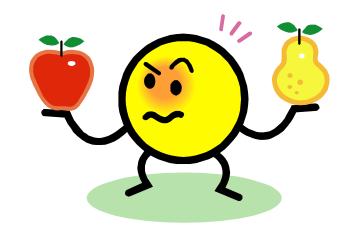
Same length and/or same content of study do not necessarily lead to the same learning result.

Input parameters are no useful tool to compare qualifications across Europe because input parameters differ too widely and lead to very different results.

It is **NOT** possible to standardise/ harmonise as many input parameters as necessary for reaching a common level of learners abilities.

Currently directive 2003/59/EC cannot lead to a real common level of professional driver qualification in Europe due to its input orientation and the very heterogeneous implementation in the member states.

That's why the driver CPC leads to a **very heterogeneous landscape of qualifications and levels of drivers abilities** reached with them!





### Learning outcomes as basis for comparison

The **European Qualifications Framework** with its learning outcomes approach and its 8-level structure has been launched in 2008 in order to make qualifications comparable across Europe.

It uses **learning outcomes descriptor based on practical work processes/ tasks** in order to make qualifications transparent and comparable across Europe, those are :



BUT: This requires a fundamental **shift in thinking/perspective** and an **increase of training and teaching quality**!

**BENEFIT:** Working based on learning outcomes can lead to an **increase** in quality of the training if applied properly!



"Learning outcomes means statements of what a learner knows, understands and is able to do on completion of [any kind of] learning process, which are defined in terms of knowledge, skills and competence."



### The learning outcomes approach in practice

#### Shifting profiles/standards from input to output/-come orientation:

Directive 2003/59/EC	EQF/ learning outcomes based profile (ProfDRV profile)		
	knowledge	skills	competence
2.1 Objective: to know the social environment of road transport and the rules	4.2 Planning of and compliance with driving time and rest periods based on relevant legal regulations and on the specifications of the transport order		
governing it:  maximum working periods specific to the transport industry; principles, application and consequences of Regulations (EEC) No 3820/85 and (EEC) No 3821/85; penalties for failure to use, improper use of and tampering with the tachograph;	The professional driver knows:  • legal regulations for driving times and rest periods •	The professional driver can:  • practically apply legal regulations for driving times and rest periods • manage time •	He/ She considers the legal requirements on driving times and rest periods, He/ She applies the relevant legal regulations consequently. He/ She decides under special consideration of her/ his responsibility within road traffic and shows a professional behaviour as well as integrity



Directive 2003/50/EC



# Quality requirements resulting from the LO-approach



### Consequences for teaching and training praxis

The way (duration/ hours, training approach, etc.) how learning takes place plays no role within the learning outcomes approach.

Learning outcomes can be acquired **formally**, **informally** or **non-formally**, through any kind of training such as class-room based training, learning at the workplace, e-learning, etc.

⇒ only the outcomes matter.

BUT: In the framework of (non-) formal training this has major influences on

- ⇒ the necessary **quality** of training(see projects such as <u>www.project-ictdrv.eu</u> or <u>www.euVETsupport.eu</u>),
- ⇒ the choice of **training approach** and methods as well as
- ⇒ assessment praxis in order to reach/assess the required learning outcomes especially skills and competence.

(Those are among others reflected in the **ProfDRV quality standards** and the **ICT-DRV quality indicators.**)

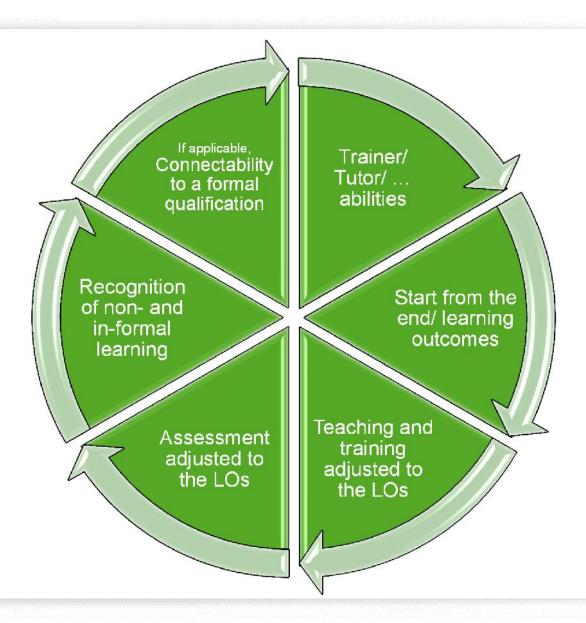




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### Requirements of the LO approach on VET





### ProfDRV quality standards on professional driver qualification

Embedding directive 2003/59/EC into national VET systems

**Entry requirements** 

Training design and choice of methods within initial qualification and periodic training

Requirements on trainers

Assessment & validation
in initial qualification and periodic training

Recognition of non-/ informal learning

Adapting content and training approaches to changing skills needs

Quality assurance (in periodic and initial training)





### ICT-DRV quality indicators on technology-supported training

Supporting and regulating legal and organis. framework

Comprehensive information and counselling

**Specifically trained** trainers and tutors

Application of the learning outcomes approach

Provision of an added value to the learning process

Sound and thorough instructional and technological design

Continuous evaluation and further development

Research, sharing and networking



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# Learning Outcomes orientation in practice